

# **MODULE SPECIFICATION**

Academic Year (student				
cohort covered by	2021-22			
	2021-22			
specification) Module Code	2011			
Module Title	Population Studies			
Module Organiser(s)	Rebecca Sear			
Faculty	Epidemiology and Population Health			
FHEQ Level	Level 7			
Credit Value	<b>CATS:</b> 10			
	<b>ECTS:</b> 5			
HECoS Code	101408			
Term of Delivery	Term 1			
Mode of Delivery	For 2021-22 this module will be delivered online until reading week. A combination of face-to-face and online learning will be used thereafter.			
	We will, however, continue to accommodate students who wish to study remotely for the entire term.			
	There will be a combination of live and interactive activities (synchronous learning) as well as recorded or self-directed study (asynchronous learning).			
Mode of Study	Full-time			
Language of Study	English			
Pre-Requisites	None			
Accreditation by	None			
Professional Statutory and				
Regulatory Body				
Module Cap (indicative	30 (numbers may be capped due to limitations in facilities or			
number of students)	staffing)			
Target Audience	This module is suitable for any student who needs to understand trends and variations in fertility, mortality and population growth, theories about the determinants of such trends and the implications they have for public health and public policy. The module is core for the MSc in Demography and Health.			
Module Description	This module provides an introduction to population issues, describing and explaining global population trends and processes, and the components of population change: fertility,			



	mortality and migration. It also provides students with the			
	theoretical tools needed to understand why fertility and			
	mortality vary over time and between regions.			
Duration	10 weeks at 0.5 days per week			
Timetabling slot	Term 1			
Last Revised (e.g. year	August 2021			
changes approved)				

<b>Programme(s)</b> This module is linked to the following programme(s)	Status
MSc Demography and Health	Compulsory
MSc Reproductive and Sexual Health Research	Option

# **Module Aim and Intended Learning Outcomes**

#### Overall aim of the module

The overall module aim is to:

 enable students to acquire a broad substantive knowledge of population trends and an understanding of the major theories, findings and debates about determinants of trends and differentials in the fertility and mortality of human populations and the consequences of such variations.

### **Module Intended Learning Outcomes**

Upon successful completion of the module a student will be able to:

- 1. Demonstrate knowledge of broad contemporary and historical variations and trends in demographic trends, particularly mortality and fertility, but also international migration, in human populations;
- 2. Summarize and evaluate the main theoretical arguments that have been proposed to explain trends and differentials in mortality and fertility;
- 3. Articulate and defend arguments about what explains fertility and mortality variation and trends by making use of key literature in the field;
- 4. Identify the key implications of different theories for fertility, health, and development policy; and
- 5. Understand the population and other consequences of changes in fertility and mortality, such as population ageing, and the interaction between population change, public health, and public policy.



# **Indicative Syllabus**

#### **Session Content**

The module is expected to cover the following topics:

- Contemporary population trends and processes
- The demographic transition
- Theoretical perspectives on population change & the importance of taking an interdisciplinary approach to understanding population
- Influence of economic and social factors, and public health measures as determinants of mortality and health
- Persistence of differentials in health and fertility differentials in contemporary populations
- The future of world population
- Demographic and public health consequences of population change
- Population policies and contemporary debates
- The importance of understanding the positionality of researchers when working on population issues

# **Teaching and Learning**

#### Notional Learning Hours

Type of Learning Time	Number of Hours	Expressed as Percentage (%)
Contact time	20	20
Directed self-study	25	25
Self-directed learning	25	25
Assessment, review and revision	30	30
Total	100	100

Student contact time refers to the tutor-mediated time allocated to teaching, provision of guidance and feedback to students. This time includes activities that take place in face-to-face contexts such as lectures, seminars, demonstrations, tutorials, supervised laboratory workshops, practical classes, project supervision as well as where tutors are available for one-to-one discussions and interaction by email. Student contact time also includes tutor-mediated activities that take place in online environments, which may be synchronous (using real-time digital tools such as Zoom or Blackboard Collaborate Ultra) or asynchronous (using digital tools such as tutor-moderated discussion forums or blogs often delivered through the School's virtual learning environment, Moodle).

The division of notional learning hours listed above is indicative and is designed to inform students as to the relative split between interactive and self-directed study.



### **Teaching and Learning Strategy**

The teaching and learning strategy focuses on lectures and seminars. Lectures are designed to deliver information, whereas seminars are an opportunity for students to engage directly with material to consolidate and deepen their understanding. Students will also have the opportunity to engage with material through a series of exercises, including the written formative exercise. The formative exercise will allow students to practice writing an exam question, under similar conditions to those students will sit the summative exam under.

# Assessment

#### **Assessment Strategy**

The assessment for this module has been designed to measure student learning against the module intended learning outcomes (ILOs) as listed above. Formative assessment methods may be used to measure students' progress. The grade for summative assessment(s) only will go towards the overall award GPA.

The assessment for this module will be part of the summer exams which will be online.

#### **Summative Assessment**

Assessment Type	Assessment Length (i.e.	Weighting	Intended Module
	Word Count, Length of	(%)	Learning Outcomes
	presentation in minutes)		Tested
Exam (Papers 1 & 2)	1 question in Paper 1	100	1 – 5

#### **Resitting assessment**

Resits will accord with the LSHTM's Resits Policy



## Resources

### Indicative reading list

There are many books written for a general audience which cover global population trends and the importance of population issues to health, economy and society. The following are particularly recommended:

- (1) Hans Rosling, Ola Rosling & Annal Rosling Rönnlund (2018) <u>Factulfness: Ten Reason</u> <u>We're Wrong about the World – and Why Things are Better Than you Think</u> (written for a general audience by a team of excellent science communicators about the state of global health, much of which focuses on demography)
- (2) Jade Sasser (2018) On Infertile Ground: Population Control and Women's Rights in the Era of Climate Change (a critique of population control narratives reproduced by international development actors in the 21<sup>st</sup> century)
- (3) Danny Dorling & Stuart Gietel-Basten (2017) <u>Why Demography Matters</u> (written by two British demographers for a general audience, highlighting the importance of demography to human affairs)
- (4) Sarah Harper (2016) <u>How Population Change Will Transform Our World</u> (a recent popular account about recent dramatic population changes worldwide and what implications these changes have for society and economy)

These articles tackle important population trends and topics in more depth:

- (5) Ezeh,A., Bongaarts, J., & Mberu, B. (2012). Global population trends and policy options. *The Lancet*, *380*, 142-48.
- (6) McFalls, J. (2007) Population: A Lively Introduction. Population Bulletin 62, 1 (a publication of the Population Reference Bureau) <u>http://www.prb.org/pdf07/62.1LivelyIntroduction.pdf</u>
- (7) Lee, Ronald (2003). The demographic transition: three centuries of fundamental change. *Journal of Economic Perspectives*, 17, 167-190.

### **Other resources**

There is a sister version of the module in our Distance Learning Demography & Health programme, which includes written materials on much of the content of this module. These materials are made available to students taking this module



### Web resources

There are plenty of resources online which have material of relevant to demography and health, including:

- 1. Hans Rosling's Gapminder website has many useful and entertaining resources on population and development issues, from hour-long documentaries to shorter videos and data visualisations: <u>http://www.gapminder.org/</u>
- 2. The Population Reference Bureau's website provides a range of useful resources and reports, somewhat US-focused but it does cover global issues: <u>http://www.prb.org/</u>
- 3. Our World in Data has 'Research and data to make progress against the world's biggest problems' and includes much demographic data: <u>https://ourworldindata.org/</u>
- 4. WorldPop maps world populations: <a href="https://www.worldpop.org/">https://www.worldpop.org/</a>
- 5. The International Union for the Scientific Study of Population is an international organisation whose website has links to a range of population resources: <u>http://iussp.org/</u>

# **Teaching for Disabilities and Learning Differences**

The module-specific site on Moodle provides students with access to lecture notes and copies of the slides used during the lecture prior to the lecture (in pdf format). All lectures are recorded and made available on Moodle as quickly as possible. All materials posted up on Moodle areas, including computer-based sessions, have been made accessible where possible.

The LSHTM Moodle has been made accessible to the widest possible audience, using a VLE that allows for up to 300% zoom, permits navigation via keyboard and use of speech recognition software, and that allows listening through a screen reader. All students have access to "SensusAccess" software which allows conversion of files into alternative formats.

For students who require learning or assessment adjustments and support this can be arranged through the Student Support Services – details and how to request support can be found on the <u>LSHTM Disability Support pages</u>.