

MODULE SPECIFICATION

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Academic Year (student	2021.22			
cohort covered by	2021-22			
specification)				
Module Code	2417			
Module Title	Design & Analysis of Epidemiological Studies			
Module Organiser(s)	Dr Christian Bottomley and Baptiste Leurent			
Faculty	Epidemiology & Population Health			
FHEQ Level	Level 7			
Credit Value	CATS: 15			
	ECTS: 7.5			
HECoS Code	101031 : 101035			
Term of Delivery	Term 2			
Mode of Delivery	For 2021-22 this module is currently planned as a mixture of			
	online and face to face teaching			
	5			
	Teaching will comprise a combination of live and interactive			
	activities (synchronous learning) as well as recorded or self-			
	directed study (asynchronous learning).			
Mode of Study	Full-time			
Language of Study	English			
Pre-Requisites	An introductory statistics course.			
Accreditation by	None			
Professional Statutory and				
Regulatory Body				
Module Cap (indicative	75 (numbers may be capped due to limitations in facilities or			
number of students)	staffing)			
Target Audience	The module is intended for students who have attended Term 1			
Target Addience	modules in Epidemiology and in Statistics, and who wish to			
	understand more about the design and analysis of epidemiological studies. It includes some review and			
	consolidation of Term 1 material.			
Modulo Description				
Module Description	The module covers both the design and statistical analysis of			
	epidemiological studies. It is designed for students who want to			
	improve their understanding of the methods used in public			
	health research.			
	The first half of the measure is for succeed on the interaction of			
	The first half of the module is focussed on design aspects and			
	key epidemiological concepts. In this part of the course, students			
	learn the strength and weaknesses of the different designs and			



	how to choose an appropriate sample size. They are also introduced to the concepts of confounding and selection bias through the use of causal diagrams.
	The second half of the module focusses on the use of regression models to adjust for confounding. The statistical concept of clustering is also introduced in this part of the course.
	Students will have the opportunity to analyse data in a number of computer-based practical classes. However, the emphasis in these classes, and throughout the course, is on understanding epidemiological concepts rather than gaining statistical expertise.
Duration	5 weeks at 2.5 days per week
Timetabling slot	Slot C2
Last Revised (e.g. year	August 2021
changes approved)	

Programme(s)	Status	
This module is linked to the following programme(s)		
MSc Public Health for Development	Recommended	
MSc Control of Infectious Diseases	Recommended	
MSc Health Policy, Planning & Finance	Recommended	
MSc Nutrition for Global Health	Recommended	
MSc Public Health	Recommended	
MSc Public Health (Environment & Health)	Recommended	
MSc Public Health (Health Economics)	Recommended	
MSc Public Health (Health Promotion)	Recommended	
MSc Public Health (Health Services Research)	Recommended	
MSc Tropical Medicine & International Health	Recommended	

Module Aim and Intended Learning Outcomes

Overall aim of the module

The aim of the module is to equip students with the necessary skills to understand and appraise the design, analysis and interpretation of epidemiological studies.



Module Intended Learning Outcomes

Upon successful completion of the module a student will:

- 1. Be familiar with the main study designs used in epidemiological research, and understand their advantages and disadvantages.
- 2. Understand the concepts of confounding, statistical interaction and clustering.
- 3. Understand why statistical models are used in epidemiology
- 4. Be able to interpret the output from a logistic regression model
- 5. Be able to critically appraise the design, analysis and interpretation of studies conducted by other investigators, and communicate effectively with public health researchers

Indicative Syllabus

Session Content

The module will cover the following topics:

- 1. Epidemiological study designs
- 2. Sample size calculations
- 3. Selection bias
- 4. Confounding
- 5. Statistical interaction
- 6. Logistic and linear regression
- 7. Clustering
- 8. Paper critique

Teaching and Learning

Notional Learning Hours

Type of Learning Time	Number of Hours	Expressed as Percentage (%)	
Contact time	37	25	
Directed self-study	9	6	
Self-directed learning	60	40	
Assessment, review and revision	44	29	
Total	150	100	

Student contact time refers to the tutor-mediated time allocated to teaching, provision of guidance and feedback to students. This time includes activities that take place in face-to-face contexts such as lectures, seminars, demonstrations, tutorials, supervised laboratory workshops, practical classes, project supervision as well as where tutors are available for one-to-one discussions and interaction by email. Student contact time also includes tutor-mediated activities that take place in online environments, which may be synchronous (using real-time digital tools such as Zoom or Blackboard Collaborate Ultra) or asynchronous (using digital tools such as tutor-



moderated discussion forums or blogs often delivered through the School's virtual learning environment, Moodle).

The division of notional learning hours listed above is indicative and is designed to inform students as to the relative split between interactive (online or on-campus) and self-directed study.

Teaching and Learning Strategy

The course material will be delivered though lectures, guided self-study and tutor-led practical sessions. The practical sessions are problem-based, with some involving pen and paper calculation or use of statistical software (primarily Stata but no previous Stata experience is expected). Students are encouraged to work in groups and will have the opportunity to present their work.

Assessment

Assessment Strategy

The assessment for this module has been designed to measure student learning against the module intended learning outcomes (ILOs) as listed above. Formative assessment methods may be used to measure students' progress. The grade for summative assessment only will go towards the overall award GPA.

The summative assessment will involve reviewing a paper from the public health literature. The student will answer a series of questions designed to test understanding of the design and statistical methods used, potential sources of bias, and strengths and weaknesses of the study.

The assessment for this module will be online. Students are expected to complete the assessment over a 2-week period.



Summative Assessment

Assessment Type	Assessment Length (i.e.	Weighting	Intended Module
	Word Count, Length of	(%)	Learning Outcomes
	presentation in minutes)		Tested
Coursework	1500 words	100%	All

Resitting assessment

Resits will accord with the LSHTM's Resits Policy

Resources

Indicative reading list *Essential Medical Statistics*, by Betty Kirkwood and Jonathan Sterne *Statistics for Epidemiology*, by Nicholas Jewell *Field Trials of Health Interventions*, Edited by Peter Smith, Richard Morrow and David Ross

Teaching for Disabilities and Learning Differences

The module-specific site on Moodle gives students access to lecture notes and copies of the slides used during the lecture. Where appropriate, lectures are recorded and made available on Moodle. All materials posted on Moodle, including computer-based sessions, have been made accessible where possible.

LSHTM Moodle is accessible to the widest possible audience, regardless of specific needs or disabilities. More detail can be found in the <u>Moodle Accessibility Statement</u> which can also be found within the footer of the Moodle pages. All students have access to "SensusAccess" software which allows conversion of files into alternative formats.

Student Support Services can arrange learning or assessment adjustments for students where needed. Details and how to request support can be found on the <u>LSHTM Disability Support</u> <u>pages</u>.